THE RESOURCES AGENCY OF CALIFORNIA Department of Fish and Game

STREAM SURVEY

FILE FORM No.....

	Date October 2, 1967
NAME Middle Fork of North Fork Noyo River	COUNTYMendocino
STREAM SECTIONentireFROM mouth TOend fish	n valueLENGTH 1 mi.
TRIBUTARY TO North Fork of Noyo River TWP 19N	R 15WSec 29
Other Names	er System Noyo River
Sources of DATA Personal observation	

	EXTENT OF OBSERVATION - Middle Fork was surveyed on August 18, 1966.
EXTENT OF OBSERVATION Include Name of Surveyor, Date, Etc.	The survey required one morning, and was done entirely on foot.
LOCATION RELATION TO OTHER WATERS	Surveyor : Brian Edie.
GENERAL DESCRIPTION	LOCATION AND RELATION TO OTHER WATERS - Middle Fork is a headwater
Watershed Immediate Drainage Basin	tributary to North Fork. It enters the larger stream approximately
Altitude (Range) Gradient	5.25 miles above Northspur. It is important as it contributes signi-
Width Depth	ficantly to the summer flow of the North Fork, and is valuable as a
liow (Range) Velocity	winter spawning and summer nursery stream.
Bottom Spawning Areas	GENERAL DESCRIPTION -
Poula Shelter	Watershed and Immediate Drainage Basin - Middle Fork drains approximately
Barriers Diversions	24 sq. miles. The stream channel runs through an open valley towards
Temperatures Food	the Southwest. The actual channel meanders quite a bit particularly
Aquatic Plants Winter Conditions	near the mouth, and is lense shaped.
Pollution	Along the streamside the vegetation is abundant consiting of the
Spring: FISHES PRESENT AND SUCCESS	following species: Redwood, Douglas fir, tan oak, alder, huckleberry,
OTHER VERTEBRATES FISHING INTENSITY	
OTHER RECREATIONAL USE ACCESSIBILITY	and sword fern. This vegetation is fairly consistent along the entire
OWNERSHIP POSTED OR OPEN	length of the stream, but with a rise in the number of redwoods and a
IMPROVEMENTS PAST STOCKING	diminishing of tan oaks and alders as you near the headwaters.
GENERAL ESTIMATE RECOMMENDED MANA GEMENT	Altitude - Mouth - 530 ft.; end fish value - 700 ft.
SKETCH MAP REFERENCES AND MAPS	<u>Gradient</u> - 170 ft./mi. Moderate gradient.
	Width - Pools - 8 ft3 ft10 ft. Riffle - 3 ft., 2ft6 ft.
Depth - Riffle-2 in	
Flow - At mouth!	50 c.f.s.
<u>Velocity</u> - Rapid to	moderate.
Bottom - Section 1	: Riffle, coarse rubble - 15%, fine rubble -20%, coarse gravel - 25%,
fine gravel - 20%,	sand/silt - 20%. Pool - coarse gravel-10%, fine gravel-15%, sand-40%,
silt-35%. Riffle-bou	ulders-20%, coarse rubble-30%, fine rubble-25%, coarse gravel 15%,
fine gravel, silt ar	nd sand 10%.
	ming areas are plentiful in the stream. Little silt in riffle areas;
	ver salmon and steelhead spawning.
5 5	pools in section is good. They are caused by undercut banks and the
digging action of the current, also responsible are logs in the stream. In general the	
	rage size being 8'-10'long, 3' wide and 1.5' deep.
-	good in the stream; most shelter is provided by undercut banks and
	logg in the stream also give gone shelter

Roots. Boulders and logs in the stream also give some shelter. <u>Barriers</u> - Three log jams and two log falls are present on the stream. Only one is of major size but also marks the end of the fish value. All the other barriers are only slight hindrances to the passage of the fish. Barrier #5 - 40'x30'x10'. Barrier #3 -3' falls. Barrier #4 - 3' falls.

<u>Diversions</u> - none

Temperatures - (at mouth) Air - 68°, H20 - 61°, 10:20 Food - Aquatic insects are very abundant in the stream. Aquatic plants - Horsetails and grasses are present along the streamside. Little moss can be found near the stream. Algae is common in the stream. Winter conditions - During the winter the average stream width is approximately 15 ft., the average depth 2 ft. Velocity is rapid. <u>Pollution</u> - None <u>Springs</u> - None of significance FISHES PRESENT AND SUCCESS - Both silver salmon and steelhead are present in the stream. Both fish arebundant (for each species est. 150/fish/100 ft.) in the stream. Their size is about average when compared to fish in other streams. Steelhead average $1\frac{1}{2}$ ", range 1"-4". Salmon average 2", range 13"-3". OTHER VERTEBRATES - California redleg frogs were numerous Smooth skin newts were also present. FISHING INTENSITY - Light OTHER RECREATIONAL USE - Some hunting on watershed. <u>ACCESSIBILITY</u> - Two routes are available for access to the mouth. (1) Sherwood Road from Fort Bragg to Hayworth Creek Road. Hayworth Creek Road to North Fork crossing then north .25 miles to mouth of Middle Fork. (locked gate at entrance.).To Hayworth Road p Union Lumber Co. (2) Highway 20 to Irmulco Road - Irmulco Road to Northspur - North from North Spur to Hayworth Creek Road - Hayworth Creek Road to Mouth Middle Fork, Road alongside creek much of distance to end of fish value. OWNERSHIP- Aborigine lumber Co. POSTED OR OPEN - The land is posted. IMPROVEMENTS - No improvement seems necessary at this time, the few log jams are not serious barriers to the fish. PAST STOCKING - Not known GENERAL ESTIMATE - The physical environment presented to the fish by Middle Fork seems excellent for the production of salmon and steelhead. No problems are apparent and regulations are adequate. RECOMMENDED MANAGEMENT- Management is not necessary on this stream. The silver salmon and steelhead are being given the nearly the maximum of favorable conditions possible. SKETCH MAP - Attached REFERENCES - U.S.G.S. Map 15' series Comptche Quadrange 1960.

